

A Health Impact Assessment of the CPTPP

Asesiad Effaith Iechyd o Bartneriaeth Cynhwysfawr a Blaengar y Môr Tawel (CPTPP)

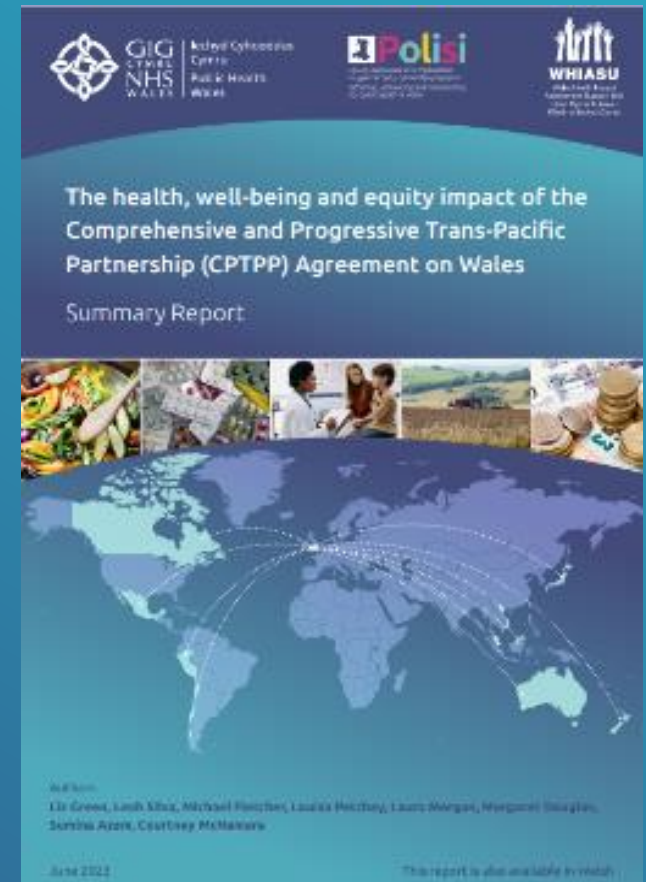
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Cymru
Public Health
Wales



Comprehensive and Progressive Trans Pacific Partnership

Partneriaeth Cynhwysfawr a Blaengar y Môr Tawel

Background | Cefndir

- Came into force December 2018 (after the US withdrew)
- Sets out rights and obligations:
 - Rules
 - Market access
- Debate about how much the UK “actually gets”
- UK acceded in March 2023
 - Has yet to sign
- Daeth i rym Rhagfyr 2018 (ar ôl i'r Unol Daleithiau dynnu'n ôl)
- Mae'n gosod hawliau a rhwymedigaethau:
 - Rheolau
 - Mynediad i'r farchnad
- Dadl ynghylch faint mae'r DU “yn elwa mewn gwirionedd”
- Cytunodd y DU ym mis Mawrth 2023
 - DU heb arwyddo hyd yma



Health Impact Assessment

Asesiad o'r Effaith ar Iechyd

- “Health Impact Assessment (HIA) is a combination of procedures, methods and tools by which a **policy, program or project may be judged as to its potential effects on the health of a population**, and the **distribution of those effects** within the population”
(WHO Europe 1999, The Gothenburg Consensus)
- Main tool to implement ‘Health in All Policies’ in practice and explicitly consider health, wellbeing and equity
- “Mae Asesu'r Effaith ar Iechyd (HIA) yn gyfuniad o weithdrefnau, dulliau ac offer y **gellir eu defnyddio i fesur polisi, rhaglen neu brosiect o ran eu heffeithiau posibl ar iechyd poblogaeth, a dosbarthiad yr effeithiau hynny o fewn y boblogaeth**”
(WHO Europe 1999, The Gothenburg Consensus)
- Bydd y prif offeryn yn rhoi 'Iechyd ym Mhob Polisi' ar waith yn ymarferol gan ystyried iechyd, llesiant a thegwch yn benodol

Health in All Policies: a driver for health

Iechyd ym Mhob Polisi: sbarduno iechyd

Health in all policies is an approach to public policies that systematically takes into account the health implications of decisions, **seeks synergies**, and **avoids harmful health impacts**, in order to improve population health **and health equity**”

(8th Global Conference on Health Promotion, Helsinki 2013)

Mae iechyd ym mhob polisi yn ddull sy'n ystyried goblygiadau iechyd yn dilyn penderfyniadau mewn polisiau. Mae'n **ceisio synergeddau**, ac yn osgoi **effeithiau niweidiol ar iechyd** er mwyn gwella iechyd y boblogaeth a **thegwch iechyd**”

(Wythfed Cynhadledd Fyd-eang ar Hybu Iechyd, Helsinki 2013)

HIA of the CPTPP

Asesu'r Effaith ar Iechyd (HIA) y CPTPP

Aims and Objectives | Nodau ac Amcanion

- To better understand and identify the health, wellbeing and equity impact of the CPTPP in Wales in the short and longer-term; who and how it affects the population
- Inform and educate public health and trade professionals about the key health and equity impacts of the CPTTP
- Demonstrate the benefits of engaging public health agencies in trade discussions and the specific value the HIA can bring for identifying and understanding potential impacts
- Help inform the analysis and scrutiny of the CPTPP agreement at the point of signature
- Cael dealltwriaeth gwell a nodi effaith iechyd, llesiant a thegwch y CPTPP yng Nghymru yn y byr dymor a'r hir dymor; pwy a sut mae'n effeithio ar y boblogaeth
- Hysbysu ac addysgu gweithwyr iechyd cyhoeddus a masnach proffesiynol am effeithiau allweddol y CPTTP ar iechyd a thegwch
- Dangos manteision ymgysylltu ag asiantaethau iechyd y cyhoedd mewn trafodaethau masnach a'r gwerthoedd penodol y gall yr HIA ei gynnig ar gyfer nodi a deall effeithiau posibl
- Helpu i lywio'r gwaith dadansoddi a chraffu ar y cytundeb CPTPP hyd at y cyfnod llofnodi

HIA of the CPTPP

Asesu'r Effaith ar Iechyd (HIA) y CPTPP

Methodology | Methodoleg

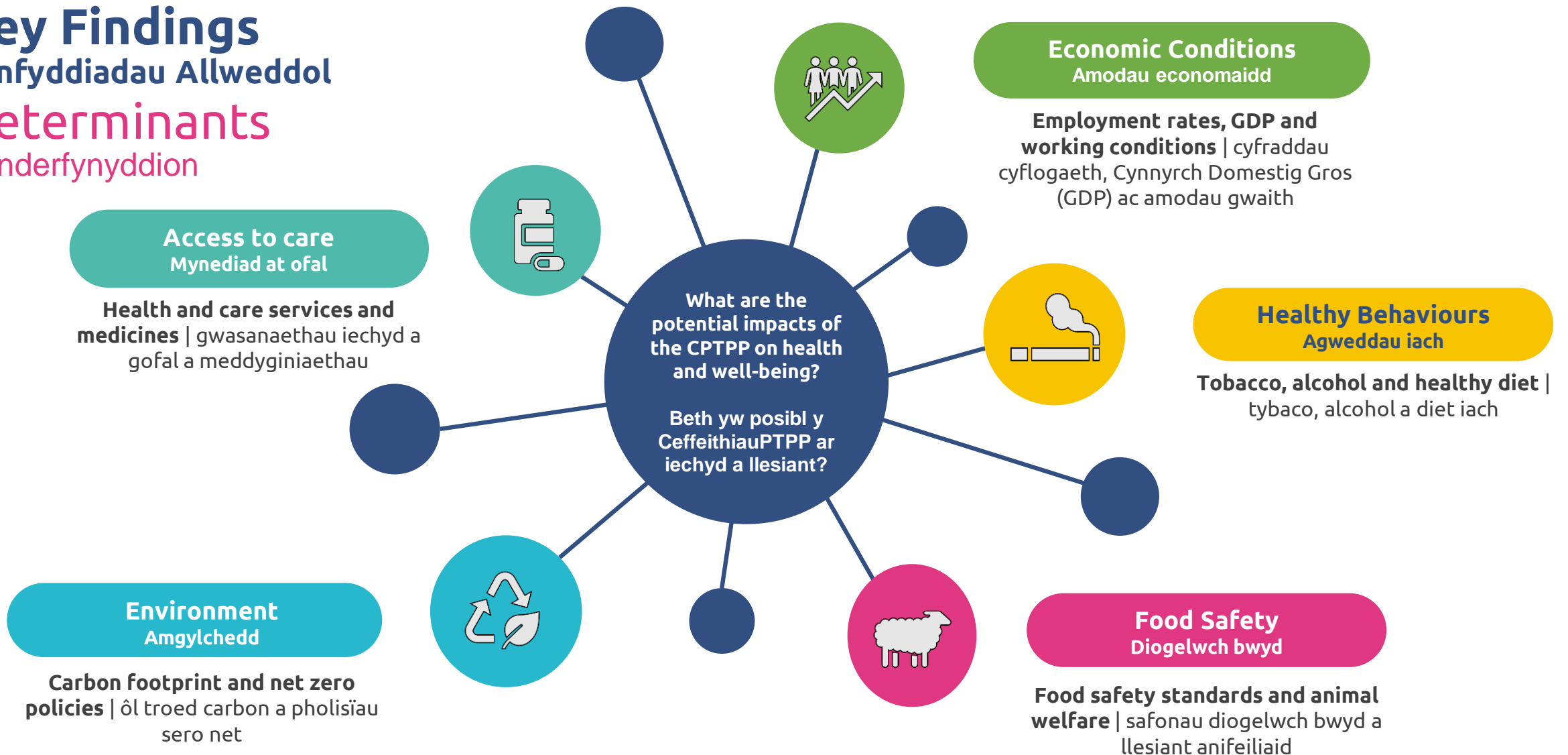
- Timeframe - carried out August – November 2022.
- Scope - Wales only; rapid but comprehensive; participatory
- Assesses – potential positive / opportunities and negative and unintended negative health and wellbeing impacts
- Identifies the population groups affected
- Evidence based - lens of the determinants of health
- Participatory
- Amserlen - cynhaliwyd Awst - Tachwedd 2022.
- Cwmpas - Cymru yn unig; cyflym ond cynhwysfawr; cyfranogol
- Asesu - Cyfleoedd posibl/cadarnhaol ac effeithiau negyddol ac anfwriadol negyddol ar iechyd a llesiant
- Yn nodi'r grwpiau poblogaeth yr effeithir arnynt
- Yn seiliedig ar dystiolaeth - lens penderfynyddion iechyd
- Cyfranogol

Key Findings

Canfyddiadau Allweddol

Determinants

Penderfynyddion



Key Findings

Canfyddiadau allweddol

Populations | Poblogaethau



Agriculture Amaethyddiaeth

- Cheap imports
mewnforion rhad
- Lower standards
safonau isel
- Competition
cystadleuaeth
- Increased costs
cystadleuaeth



Health & Social Care Iechyd a gofal cymdeithasol

- Mobility & regulation
symudedd a rheoleiddio
- NHS not on the tabley
GIG ddim yn cael ei ystyried
yn y drafodaeth



Long-Term Illnesses Salwch hirdymor

- Access to services
mynediad at wasanaethau
- Access to medicines
mynediad at feddyginiaethau
- Increased costs
costau uwch
- Research/development
ymchwil/datblygu



Low Incomes Incwm isel

- Working conditions
and standards
amodau a safonau gwaith
- Unhealthy
behaviours
ymddygiad gwael
- Cost-of-Living
costau byw

HIA of the CPTPP

costau byw

Main Findings | Prif Ddarganfyddiadau

- Trade is a commercial determinant of health
- How the agreement takes effect may change depending on:
 - The policy priorities of future governments; and
 - the membership of the CPTPP if additional countries gain membership
- More research and published robust evidence needed
- Lack of transparency in FTAs an issue – 'unknown unknowns'
 - Side letters
 - Investor State Dispute Settlement
- Further review and analysis work should take place in the future once the final terms of the agreement are published.
- Mae masnach yn benderfynydd masnachol ar iechyd
- Gall sut y daw'r cytundeb i rym newid yn dibynnu ar y canlynol:
 - Blaenoriaethau polisi llywodraethau'r dyfodol; a
 - aelodaeth y CPTPP os bydd rhagor o wledydd yn ymaelodi
- Mae angen rhagor o ymchwil ac i gyhoeddi tystiolaeth gadarn
- Diffyg tryloywder mewn Cytundebau Masnach Rydd (FTA) yn achosi problemau - 'pethau anhysbys sy'n anhysbys'
 - Llythyrau atodol
 - Cytundeb setlo Anghydfodau Talaith Buddsoddwyr
- Dylid cynnal rhagor o waith gwerthuso a dadansoddi yn y dyfodol unwaith y bydd telerau terfynol y cytundeb wedi'u cyhoeddi.

Benefits of building in holistic health and HIA in FTAs

Manteision cynnwys iechyd cyfannol a HIA mewn FTAs

- **Increases understanding across policy areas** of their contribution to maximise positive health outcomes and reduce inequalities
- Promotes **greater equity** by focusing on **population groups** who may be at risk of experiencing inequalities.
- Identifies **negative impacts** and **potential mitigation** and maximises **positives and opportunities** (gaps, opportunities, added value, due diligence)
- **Promotes public health evidence informed agreements** and **balanced decision making**
- **Strengthens partnership working** and **links between public health, health services and other sectors** using the wider determinants framework
- **Cynyddu dealltwriaeth ar draws meysydd polisi** o ran eu cyfraniad i sicrhau manteisio ar ganlyniadau iechyd cadarnhaol posibl a lleihau anghydraddoldebau
- Hyrwyddo **mw y o degwch** trwy ganolbwyntio ar **grwpiau poblogaeth** a all fod mewn perygl o brofi anghydraddoldebau.
- Nodi **effeithiau negyddol** a **mesurau lliniaru posibl** a manteisio ar **gyfleoedd cadarnhaol** (bylchau, cyfleoedd, gwerth ychwanegol, diwydrwydd dyladwy)
- Hyrwyddo cytundebau sy'n seiliedig ar dystiolaeth iechyd y cyhoedd a gwneud penderfyniadau cytbwys
- Cryfhau gwaith partneriaeth a chysylltiadau rhwng iechyd y cyhoedd, gwasanaethau iechyd a sectorau eraill gan ddefnyddio'r fframwaith penderfynyddion ehangach